S745-2

THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security

Data for January 1992

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor

James A. Davenport, Commissioner

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Statistics Available for States 1
1991 LMR Index 2
Percent Change in Consumer Price Index, 1981-91 3
County Unemployment Rates 3
Tennessee Civilian Labor Force Summary 4
State Unemployment Insurance Activities 6
Chattanooga MSA 7
Johnson City, Kingsport, and Bristol MSA 8
Knoxville MSA 9
Memphis MSA 10
Nashville MSA 11
U.S. Consumer Price Index 12

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Statistics Available for States

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) has published seasonally adjusted state labor force data for the 11 large states that obtain estimates directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). Beginning with January 1992 estimation, seasonally adjusted local area unemployment statistics (LAUS) will be available for all 50 states and the District of Columbia. LAUS estimates for substate areas will not be seasonally adjusted.

The seasonally adjusted series will not replace the unadjusted series. BLS will have two official series for each state and the District of Columbia, one seasonally adjusted and one unadjusted. See page 4.

What is the seasonality of a time series?

Seasonality is the effect that annual events have on the movements of a time series. Examples of such events include weather changes, school schedules, industrial production schedules, harvests, and major holidays.

What is seasonal adjustment and why is it important?

Seasonal adjustment is a statistical tool that attempts to remove, or filter out, seasonal fluctuations in a time series. Once the seasonality of a data series is removed through seasonal adjustment, the data series can be analyzed more easily for underlying trend and cyclical movements. Without seasonal adjustment, month-to-month comparisons of data within a time series are considered inaccurate. Consequently, it is difficult to produce effective and meaningful analyses of the data over time without seasonally adjusted data series.

Seasonal adjustment is particularly important to LAUS estimation because the data are used extensively by economic analysts and policymakers to make decisions about economic conditions. Without seasonally adjusted series, analysts, policymakers, and other data users cannot make adequate assessments of economic health, nor can they accurately follow trends in State labor markets.

The March 1992 edition of the BLS publication Employment and Earnings will include a one-time publication of historical seasonally adjusted LAUS data for the period 1978-1991. Current seasonally adjusted LAUS data will also be available in Employment and Earnings starting in April 1992.

1991 LMR INDEX

Articles of interest published in last year's issues of The Labor Market Report are listed below. Copies are available upon request by writing to the address on the back of this report.

January
1990 LMR Index - list of articles published in the 1990 issues of The Labor Market Report
Percent Change in Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers By Major Group, 1979-90
Research and Statistics Fields Requests for Labor Statistics From Many Sources

February
Preliminary 1990 Population Estimates for Tennessee, Metropolitan Statistical Areas, and Counties

March
1990 Population for Tennessee Municipalities with a Population of 1,000 or more
Occupational Supply and Demand Analysis to be Used in Educational Plans

April
Tennessee's Experienced Labor Force by Occupation, 1990
Tennessee's Experienced Labor Force by Industry, 1990
Tennessee 1990 Labor Force Estimates by Sex and Age

May
Percent Distribution of 1990 Population, by Race and Hispanic Origin, for Tennessee Counties
Recent Publications by Research and Statistics

June
1990 Average Weekly Wage of Tennessee Counties
Per Capita Personal Income for Tennessee Metropolitan Statistical Areas, 1988-89

July
Average Annual Pay for All Covered Workers by State, 1989 and 1990
U.S. and Tennessee Average Annual Pay for All Covered Workers by Industry, 1989 and 1990

August
New Wage Survey - an announcement of the new wage survey to be conducted by the Tennessee Department of Employment Security
Regional and State Per Capita Income Personal, 1989 and 1990 - includes the rankings of states by per capita personal income

September
Per Capita Personal Income for Tennessee Counties, 1988-89
Labor Surplus Areas Eligible for Federal Procurement Preference, October 1, 1991, through September 30, 1992

October
Determining the Labor Force of the Population - a flow chart
Employment Status of the Civilian Noninstitutional Population, 1990 Annual Averages - table includes data for U.S. and Tennessee

November
Two Measures of Employment: What Can They Tell Us?
What the Household Survey and Establishment Series Measures and the Comparison Problems

December
The Unemployed: Who They Are and How They Are Counted?

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, 1981 - 1991

The movement in prices during the last eleven years was not uniform over time. It ranged from 8.9 percent increase in 1981 to a 1.1 percent increase in 1986. Nor was it uniform among items. Among the seven major Consumer Price Index (CPI) expenditure groups, medical costs rose most rapidly. The prices of other goods and services also advanced at a substantial rate due to increases in prices of tobacco products and tuition.

During 1991, the CPI rose 3.1 percent. This was the lowest increase since 1986. Transportation cost dropped by 1.5 percent in 1991, the first decline since 1986. The highest increase was in other goods and services which rose 7.6 percent in 1990 to 8.0 percent in 1991.

Percent Change in Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, by major group, 1981-91

(12 months ended December)

Category	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
All items	8.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	1.1
Food and beverages	4.3	3.2	2.7	3.8	2.8	3.7
Housing	10.2	3.6	3.5	4.3	4.3	1.7
Apparel and upkeep	3.5	1.6	2.9	2.0	2.8	0.9
Transportation	10.9	1.8	3.9	3.1	2.6	-5.9
Medical care	12.5	11.0	6.4	6.1	6.8	7.7
Entertainment	7.2	5.6	4.0	4.2	3.1	3.4
Other goods and services	9.9	12.1	7.9	6.0	6.3	5.5

Category	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	Average annual change
All items	4.4	4.4	4.6	6.1	3.1	4.4
Food and beverages	3.5	5.1	5.5	5.3	2.5	3.9
Housing	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.5	3.4	4.3
Apparel and upkeep	4.8	4.7	1.0	5.1	3.4	3.0
Transportation	6.1	3.0	4.0	10.4	-1.5	3.4
Medical care	5.8	6.9	8.5	9.6	7.9	8.1
Entertainment	4.0	4.6	5.1	4.3	3.9	4.5
Other goods and services	6.1	7.0	8.2	7.6	8.0	7.7

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	January 1991	January 1992	County	January 1991	January 1992
Anderson	4.2	5.7	Lauderdale	10.8	11.1
Bedford	9.2	10.1	Lawrence	15.4	8.8
Benton	16.2	9.7	Lewis	8.1	9.9
Bledsoe	8.8	9.1	Lincoln	8.3	8.8
Blount	7.9	8.3	Loudon	6.8	8.3
Bradley	7.5	7.9	Macon	9.9	9.7
Campbell	17.5	19.8	Madison	5.3	6.7
Cannon	8.1	9.2	Marion	9.9	12.6
Carroll	12.9	8.6	Marshall	9.0	7.2
Carter	6.8	8.1	Maury	7.4	10.7
Cheatham	5.1	7.5	McMinn	12.8	9.8
Chester	6.5	6.7	McNairy	9.2	9.3
Claiborne	9.9	8.1	Meigs	14.0	15.3
Clay	4.6	6.4	Monroe	12.3	10.4
Cocke	19.3	18.9	Montgomery	7.9	7.9
Coffee	7.1	8.2	Moore	7.9	11.0
Crockett	7.8	8.4	Morgan	8.0	11.8
Cumberland	12.2	13.1	Obion	11.1	12.0
Davidson	4.1	5.5	Overton	14.0	13.1
Decatur	10.1	14.4	Perry	11.7	9.3
DeKalb	7.2	10.5	Pickett	7.5	10.0
Dickson	7.4	9.9	Polk	19.3	18.1
Dyer	7.3	10.4	Putnam	6.6	7.4
Fayette	9.6	9.2	Rhea	13.9	13.4
Fentress	11.0	11.2	Roane	7.6	8.4
Franklin	6.5	6.7	Robertson	8.1	8.0
Gibson	10.7	9.9	Rutherford	5.2	5.7
Giles	9.3	10.8	Scott	11.7	14.7
Grainger	11.2	9.7	Sequatchie	8.4	10.9
Greene	14.4	15.1	Sevier	18.9	22.7
Grundy	13.4	19.8	Shelby	5.1	6.3
Hamblen	8.6	9.2	Smith	8.2	9.5
Hamilton	5.3	6.5	Stewart	10.6	12.8
Hancock	7.4	7.9	Sullivan	4.0	5.6
Hardeman	7.6	8.5	Sumner	6.5	7.6
Hardin	10.9	13.0	Tipton	7.6	8.5
Hawkins	6.9	8.6	Trousdale	7.6	10.1
Haywood	10.5	10.7	Unicoi	11.4	13.9
Henderson	12.8	11.8	Union	7.3	7.6
Henry	8.5	9.6	Van Buren	10.2	11.8
Hickman	9.1	11.6	Warren	10.0	13.2
Houston	12.3	16.2	Washington	5.5	6.6
Humphreys	16.9	22.2	Wayne	11.0	9.4
Jackson	8.1	9.9	Weakley	7.6	6.3
Jefferson	11.0	10.8	White	9.8	12.1
Johnson	9.0	14.0	Williamson	3.7	4.4
Knox	4.0	5.1	Wilson	5.4	6.8
Lake	24.0	12.9			

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	January 1991				Preliminary December 1991				Preliminary January 1992			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.[1]	124,740,000	116,977,000	7,763,000	6.2	125,619,000	116,728,000	8,891,000	7.1	126,046,000	117,117,000	8,929,000	7.1
TENNESSEE[2]	2,413,700	2,255,000	158,700	6.6	2,412,700	2,248,300	164,400	6.8	2,428,300	2,249,300	179,000	7.4
Not seasonally adjusted												
U.S.[1]	123,585,000	114,990,000	8,595,000	7.0	125,108,000	116,549,000	8,559,000	6.8	125,072,000	115,122,000	9,949,000	8.0
TENNESSEE[2]	2,375,100	2,210,600	164,500	6.9	2,399,600	2,244,600	155,000	6.5	2,394,400	2,205,300	189,100	7.9
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS[2]												
CHATTANOOGA	210,600	197,800	12,800	6.1	211,900	200,500	11,400	5.4	212,100	197,900	14,200	6.7
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	218,800	206,300	12,500	5.7	225,200	212,100	13,100	5.8	231,500	214,000	17,500	7.6
KNOXVILLE	279,800	261,400	18,400	6.6	283,600	267,100	16,500	5.8	292,700	270,200	22,500	7.7
MEMPHIS	470,000	443,900	26,100	5.6	474,400	448,400	26,300	5.5	464,800	434,400	30,400	6.5
NASHVILLE	527,800	502,400	25,400	4.8	534,500	508,000	26,500	5.0	520,400	489,200	31,200	6.0

[1] Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

[2] Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's preliminary seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for January was 7.4 percent, up six-tenths of a percentage point from a seasonally adjusted 6.8 percent in December.

Nationally, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate reached 7.1 percent, unchanged from the December rate but higher than the 6.2 percent rate of last January.

The business survey, which collects data by place of work, showed the normal declines that occurred between December and January. Employment declined by 47,000, which was the smallest December to January decline since 1989.

On a month-to-month basis, employment increased in industrial machinery and equipment by 1,600, part of which included recalls from layoffs. Health services were up by 300 and electronic and other electric equipment went up by 200. Declines from December to January occurred in trade, down by 19,000; services were off by 9,700; and construction was down by 7,900.

From January 1991 to January 1992, employment increased by 8,500, an improvement over the same time period in 1990-1991 when jobs declined by 9,500. Industries that showed some employment increases over the year were services, up by 15,700; industrial machinery and equipment increased by 2,800; and eating/drinking places went up by 2,500. Employment declines took place in the federal government, which lost 3,600 jobs; transportation, communication, and public utilities were down by 3,000; and wholesale trade decreased by 2,300.

Non-seasonally adjusted county rates across the state showed three counties recorded lower unemployment rates while 92 counties recorded higher unemployment rates. Williamson County at 4.4 percent, up from 3.4 percent, registered the state's lowest county unemployment rate. Sevier County at 22.7 percent, up from 13.8 percent, recorded the highest state unemployment rate due to a downturn in the tourist industry.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (in thousands)

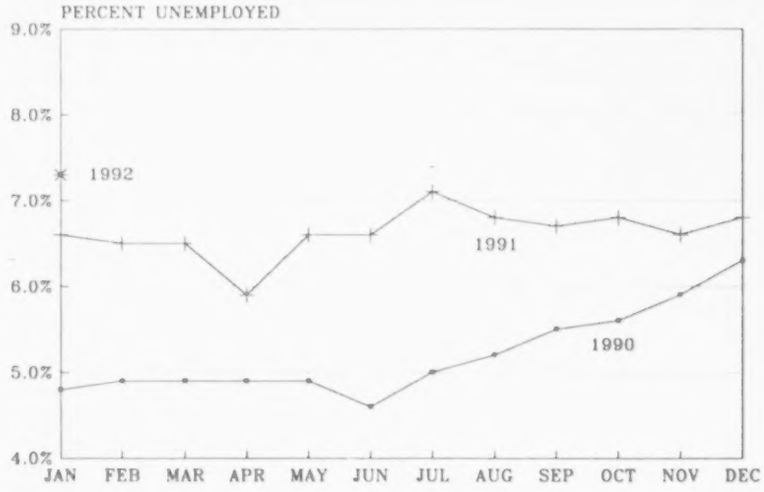
Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	2134.6	2190.1	2143.1	8.5	-47.0
Goods Producing	585.4	595.6	584.1	-1.3	-11.5
Manufacturing	500.3	503.5	500.2	-0.1	-3.3
Durable Goods	246.1	250.2	250.7	4.6	0.5
Lumber & Wood Products	18.2	18.2	18.0	-0.2	-0.2
Furniture & Fixtures	25.5	26.8	26.5	1.0	-0.3
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	13.1	12.9	12.6	-0.5	-0.3
Primary Metal Industries	15.5	15.1	15.1	-0.4	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	41.3	42.3	42.3	1.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	35.4	36.6	38.2	2.8	1.6
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	35.4	35.5	35.7	0.3	0.2
Transportation Equipment	39.9	41.2	41.1	1.2	-0.1
Instruments & Related Products	10.7	10.7	10.5	-0.2	-0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	11.1	10.9	10.7	-0.4	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	254.2	253.3	249.5	-4.7	-3.8
Food & Kindred Products	37.1	38.0	37.0	-0.1	-1.0
Meat Products	8.4	8.3	8.2	-0.2	-0.1
Tobacco	1.6	1.4	1.3	-0.3	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	20.0	19.6	19.5	-0.5	-0.1
Knitting Mills	8.7	8.6	8.6	-0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	61.3	60.6	59.2	-2.1	-1.4
Paper & Allied Products	20.0	20.4	20.2	0.2	-0.2
Printing & Publishing	37.7	37.4	37.2	-0.5	-0.2
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.6	39.3	38.9	-0.7	-0.4
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.0	-0.2
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	27.5	27.4	27.1	-0.4	-0.3
Leather & Leather Products	8.6	8.2	8.3	-0.3	0.1
Mining	5.6	5.3	5.0	-0.6	-0.3
Construction	79.5	86.8	78.9	-0.6	-7.9
Service Producing	1549.2	1594.5	1559.0	9.8	-35.5
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	116.1	115.4	113.1	-3.0	-2.3
Transportation	87.3	88.0	85.8	-1.5	-2.2
Communications & Public Utilities	28.8	27.4	27.3	-1.5	-0.1
Trade	503.1	521.1	502.1	-1.0	-19.0
Wholesale Trade	127.1	126.6	124.8	-2.3	-1.8
Durable Goods	71.7	71.2	70.4	-1.3	-0.8
Nondurable Goods	55.4	55.4	54.4	-1.0	-1.0
Retail Trade	376.0	394.5	377.3	1.3	-17.2
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	13.5	14.3	13.6	0.1	-0.7
Retail General Merchandise	57.3	62.0	56.9	-0.4	-5.1
Food Stores	64.9	66.9	65.4	0.5	-1.5
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	40.3	40.4	40.0	-0.3	-0.4
Apparel & Accessory Stores	21.5	23.3	21.5	0.0	-1.8
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.0	14.1	13.5	-0.5	-0.6
Eating & Drinking Places	120.7	128.2	123.2	2.5	-5.0
Miscellaneous Retail	43.8	45.3	43.2	-0.6	-2.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	102.3	102.8	102.1	-0.2	-0.7
Finance	47.0	47.3	47.1	0.1	-0.2
Insurance	35.6	35.6	35.6	0.0	0.0
Real Estate & Investment Offices	19.7	19.9	19.4	-0.3	-0.5
Services	475.7	501.1	491.4	15.7	-9.7
Hotels & Other Lodging	27.2	27.7	25.9	-1.3	-1.8
Personal Services	24.4	24.0	23.4	-1.0	-0.6
Business Services	89.7	97.9	93.2	3.5	-4.7
Health Services	158.6	166.4	166.7	8.1	0.3
Hospitals	73.0	76.6	76.8	3.8	0.2
Government	352.0	354.1	350.3	-1.7	-3.8
Federal	61.4	58.3	57.8	-3.6	-0.5
State**	89.3	92.2	90.2	0.9	-2.0
State Education	44.9	48.4	46.4	1.5	-2.0
Local**	201.3	203.6	202.3	1.0	-1.3
Local Education	101.9	103.6	103.2	1.3	-0.4

*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$384.74	$412.70	$401.00	39.1	40.7	40.1	$9.84	$10.14	$10.00
Durable Goods	391.04	426.13	412.00	38.3	40.7	40.0	10.21	10.47	10.30
Lumber & Wood Products	253.89	273.93	270.09	39.0	39.7	39.2	6.51	6.90	6.89
Furniture & Fixtures	297.14	335.15	330.46	35.5	37.7	36.8	8.37	8.89	8.98
Stone, Clay, & Glass	503.05	510.34	484.21	41.2	41.9	41.0	12.21	12.18	11.81
Primary Metal Industries	501.41	518.50	492.37	42.1	42.5	42.3	11.91	12.20	11.64
Fabricated Metal Products	420.25	437.78	432.42	40.1	40.8	40.3	10.48	10.73	10.73
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	380.24	437.84	414.69	38.8	42.8	42.1	9.80	10.23	9.85
Instruments & Related Products	385.66	445.17	426.01	39.8	42.6	41.4	9.69	10.45	10.29
Nondurable Goods	378.25	398.45	389.54	39.9	40.7	40.2	9.48	9.79	9.69
Food & Kindred Products	375.14	402.68	394.67	40.6	41.3	41.5	9.24	9.75	9.51
Textile Mill Products	329.01	340.59	341.92	41.7	42.1	41.8	7.89	8.09	8.18
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	237.54	253.13	247.67	37.0	37.5	37.3	6.42	6.75	6.64
Paper & Allied Products	556.60	582.24	574.65	44.0	45.1	43.6	12.65	12.91	13.18
Chemical & Allied Products	538.72	550.09	542.15	41.6	41.8	41.8	12.95	13.16	12.97
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	453.74	475.46	445.78	41.4	43.5	41.2	10.96	10.93	10.82
Leather & Leather Products	273.93	282.58	270.61	38.8	40.6	37.9	7.06	6.96	7.14

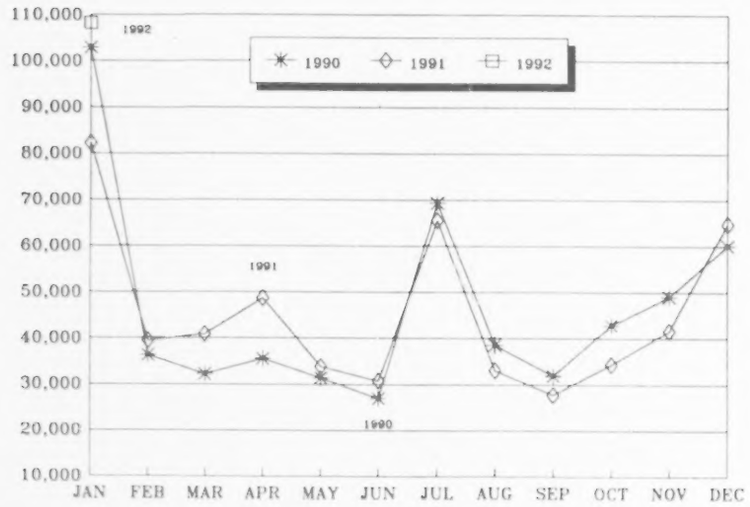
TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



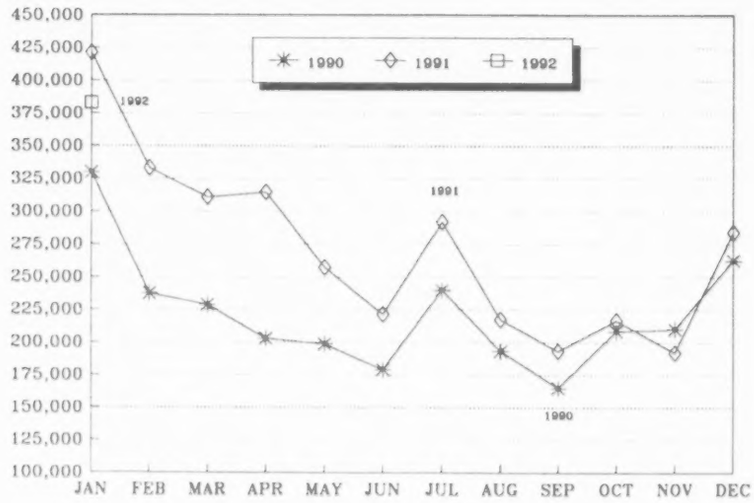
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
Initial Claims	82,178	64,771	108,195
Continued Weeks Claimed	421,093	284,041	382,822
Nonmonetary Determinations	4,155	4,237	4,474
Appeals Decisions	1,347	1,653	1,749
Lower Authority	1,091	1,440	1,430
Higher Authority	256	213	319
BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$38,415,335	$28,306,299	$35,696,492
Benefit Weeks Paid	343,875	242,051	307,142
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$115	$121	$120
First Payments	48,229	21,547	48,351
Final Payments	5,555	6,394	6,709
Average Weeks Duration	9	13	13
Trust Fund Balance	$628,026,029	$593,801,867	$568,290,596

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
Benefits Paid	$1,396,476	$1,436,814	$1,850,214
Benefit Weeks Claimed	6,849	6,855	8,544
Initial Claims	755	1,219	1,088
Continued Weeks Claimed	7,249	7,264	9,047
Appeals Decisions	27	13	18
FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$308,748	$768,541	$950,320
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,839	4,111	5,115
Initial Claims	181	554	582
Continued Weeks Claimed	2,076	4,542	5,389
Appeals Decisions	6	7	12

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 1,600 jobs between December and January. Services dropped by 600 jobs due to decreases in personal services and business services. Retail trade declined by 400 jobs due to seasonal decreases in general merchandise stores and in eating and drinking places. Industrial machinery increased by 200 jobs due to recalls.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	198.4	201.2	199.6	1.2	-1.6
Goods Producing	52.7	51.4	51.2	-1.5	-0.2
Manufacturing	45.5	43.9	44.1	-1.4	0.2
Durable Goods	17.0	16.3	16.5	-0.5	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.8	0.8	-0.1	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.5	3.4	3.4	-0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	3.4	3.3	3.3	-0.1	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	3.0	2.7	2.9	-0.1	0.2
All Other Durable Goods	5.0	4.9	4.9	-0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods	28.5	27.6	27.6	-0.9	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	6.8	6.8	6.8	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	12.1	11.5	11.6	-0.5	0.1
Knitting Mills	2.6	2.3	2.4	-0.2	0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.5	1.3	1.3	-0.2	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.3	3.2	3.1	-0.2	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Mining	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.0
Construction	6.6	6.8	6.4	-0.2	-0.4
Service Producing	145.7	149.8	148.4	2.7	-1.4
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	8.4	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0
Trade	47.8	49.2	48.6	0.8	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	11.3	11.3	11.1	-0.2	-0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.1	7.2	7.1	0.0	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.2	4.1	4.0	-0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	36.5	37.9	37.5	1.0	-0.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	13.3	13.2	13.2	-0.1	0.0
Services	42.3	44.6	44.0	1.7	-0.6
Government	33.9	34.4	34.2	0.3	-0.2
Federal	7.5	7.1	7.1	-0.4	0.0
State & Local	26.4	27.3	27.1	0.7	-0.2
State	6.9	7.1	7.0	0.1	-0.1
Local	19.5	20.2	20.1	0.6	-0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

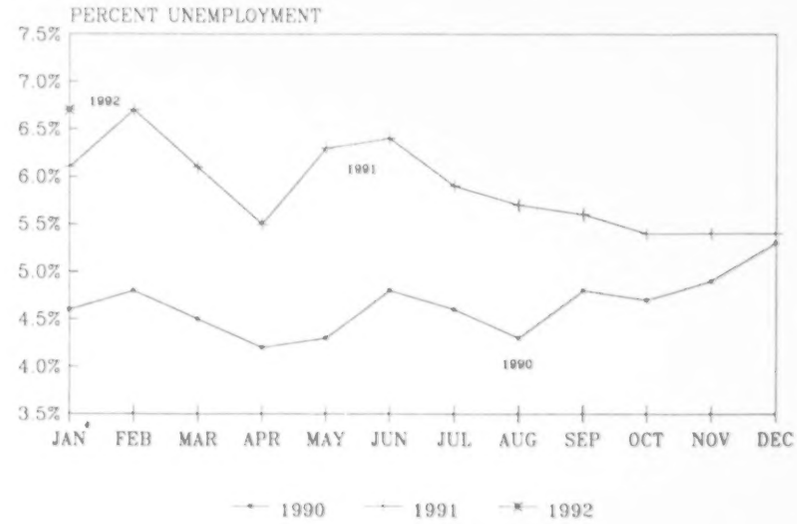
Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **CHATTANOOGA MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$357.62	$385.15	$381.48	40.5	40.8	40.8	$8.83	$9.44	$9.35
Durable Goods	346.63	412.00	402.95	39.3	41.7	41.8	8.82	9.88	9.64
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	341.55	326.27	338.77	41.2	39.5	39.3	8.29	8.26	8.62
Primary Metal Industries	344.49	418.61	387.37	36.3	41.0	40.1	9.49	10.21	9.66
Fabricated Metal Products	315.86	463.71	468.13	36.9	41.0	41.1	8.56	11.31	11.39
Machinery, Except Electrical	456.08	459.65	443.63	41.2	39.9	40.7	11.07	11.52	10.90
Nondurable Goods	365.56	367.94	366.92	41.4	40.3	40.1	8.83	9.13	9.15
Textile Mill Products	341.04	322.81	325.20	42.0	40.1	40.0	8.12	8.05	8.13
Knitting Mills	286.65	284.38	280.63	45.0	42.7	42.2	6.37	6.66	6.65
Paper and Allied Products	491.35	559.06	552.21	47.2	45.9	45.3	10.41	12.18	12.19
Chemicals and Allied Products	550.21	570.18	579.21	44.3	43.0	43.0	12.42	13.26	13.47

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 2,600 jobs between December and January. Due to layoffs, employment decreased by 200 jobs in other durable goods and by 300 jobs in other nondurable goods.

Seasonal decreases occurred in retail trade (-700), services (-400), and in state government (-500) employment.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	172.6	179.8	177.2	4.6	-2.6
Goods Producing	61.8	63.5	62.8	1.0	-0.7
Manufacturing	54.2	54.4	54.0	-0.2	-0.4
Durable Goods	21.9	21.5	21.4	-0.5	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.9	2.0	2.1	0.2	0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.2	2.2	2.1	-0.1	-0.1
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	4.8	4.4	4.5	-0.3	0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	7.5	7.7	7.7	0.2	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	5.5	5.2	5.0	-0.5	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	32.3	32.9	32.6	0.3	-0.3
Food & Kindred Products	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.0	0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.6	2.7	2.7	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.7	4.2	4.1	0.4	-0.1
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.6	6.5	6.5	-0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	17.2	17.4	17.1	-0.1	-0.3
Mining & Construction	7.6	9.1	8.8	1.2	-0.3
Service Producing	110.8	116.3	114.4	3.6	-1.9
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.4	6.5	6.5	0.1	0.0
Trade	35.2	40.3	39.6	0.4	-0.7
Wholesale Trade	8.4	8.1	8.1	-0.3	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	4.0	3.9	3.9	-0.1	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.4	4.2	4.2	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	30.8	32.2	31.5	0.7	-0.7
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.5	5.7	5.5	0.0	-0.2
Services	34.9	37.8	37.4	2.5	-0.4
Government	24.8	26.0	25.4	0.6	-0.6
Federal	2.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0
State & Local	21.9	23.1	22.5	0.6	-0.6
State	5.8	6.4	5.9	0.1	-0.5
Local	16.1	16.7	16.6	0.5	-0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$426.12	$432.23	$419.69	40.2	40.7	40.2	$10.60	$10.62	$10.44
Durable Goods	411.10	408.18	392.35	41.4	40.9	40.2	9.93	9.98	9.76
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod.	469.79	454.94	441.76	43.1	43.0	42.6	10.90	10.58	10.37
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	362.31	362.60	337.46	39.0	36.7	36.8	9.29	9.88	9.17
Nondurable Goods	435.90	449.55	441.29	39.2	40.5	40.3	11.12	11.10	10.95
Food & Kindred Products	365.31	481.22	385.25	41.0	41.7	33.5	8.91	11.54	11.50
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	248.81	239.01	232.41	41.4	38.8	38.8	6.01	6.16	5.99

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 6,300 jobs between December and January. Seasonal decreases were experienced in retail trade (-3,300) and construction (-500). Services dropped by 1,400 jobs due to seasonal decreases in recreational services, business services, and hotels and other lodgings. Food and kindred products decreased by 300 jobs due to a plant closure and seasonal factors.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	263.8	275.3	269.0	5.2	-6.3
Goods Producing	62.9	65.5	64.4	1.5	-1.1
Manufacturing	50.6	52.3	51.6	1.0	-0.7
Durable Goods	30.7	31.5	31.4	0.7	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	2.3	2.4	2.4	0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.4	2.7	2.6	0.2	-0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.3	1.4	1.4	0.1	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.0	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	22.5	22.9	22.8	0.3	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	19.9	20.8	20.2	0.3	-0.6
Food & Kindred Products	3.2	3.3	3.0	-0.2	-0.3
Textile Mill Products	1.6	1.8	1.8	0.2	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.7	9.0	8.8	0.1	-0.2
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	4.0	4.2	4.1	0.1	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.4	2.5	2.5	0.1	0.0
Mining	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.1	0.1
Construction	11.0	11.9	11.4	0.4	-0.5
Service Producing	200.9	209.8	204.6	3.7	-5.2
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	10.3	10.3	10.3	0.0	0.0
Trade	68.7	71.3	67.8	-0.9	-3.5
Wholesale Trade	15.3	15.2	15.0	-0.3	-0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.2	9.3	9.1	-0.1	-0.2
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.1	5.9	5.9	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	53.4	56.1	52.8	-0.6	-3.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	9.7	9.7	9.5	-0.2	-0.2
Services	60.1	64.6	63.2	3.1	-1.4
Government	52.1	53.9	53.8	1.7	-0.1
Federal	6.7	6.9	6.9	0.2	0.0
State & Local	45.4	47.0	46.9	1.5	-0.1
State	22.2	22.5	22.5	0.3	0.0
Local	23.2	24.5	24.4	1.2	-0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

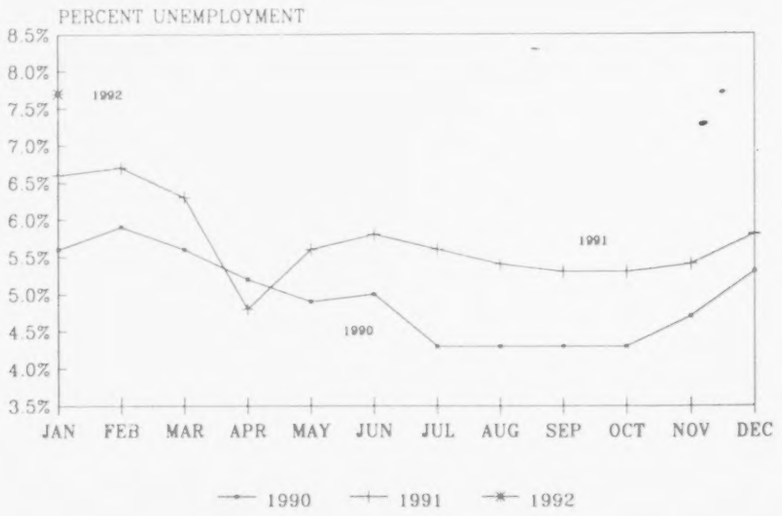
Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **KNOXVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$368.01	$408.84	$393.02	37.9	40.6	39.9	$9.71	$10.07	$9.85
Durable Goods	395.10	433.06	418.40	37.7	41.6	40.7	10.48	10.41	10.28
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	350.51	393.64	379.73	40.9	42.1	41.5	8.57	9.35	9.15
Machinery, Except Electrical	369.42	448.29	449.83	39.3	45.1	45.3	9.40	9.94	9.93
Nondurable Goods	330.43	376.49	357.10	38.2	39.3	38.9	8.65	9.58	9.18
Food and Kindred Products	310.05	373.74	357.70	37.4	39.3	39.7	8.29	9.51	9.01
Textile Mill Products	357.17	389.96	408.32	38.2	42.9	44.0	9.35	9.09	9.28
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	289.87	314.82	290.19	39.6	39.8	38.9	7.32	7.91	7.46

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 6,200 jobs between December and January. Seasonal decreases were reported in paper and allied products (-200); construction and mining (-800); retail trade (-2,500); transportation, communication, and public utilities (-400).

Employment in services decreased by 800 jobs due seasonal declines in business services and private educational services. Employment in state government decreased by 600 jobs due to a seasonal decrease in education.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	464.0	474.2	468.0	4.0	-6.2
Goods Producing	76.9	78.0	76.4	-0.5	-1.6
Manufacturing	59.4	59.6	58.8	-0.6	-0.8
Durable Goods	26.6	26.6	26.3	-0.3	-0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.0	1.9	1.8	-0.2	-0.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.7	0.6	0.6	-0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	5.8	5.6	5.5	-0.3	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	5.7	5.8	5.8	0.1	0.0
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.8	3.9	3.9	0.1	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	7.5	7.6	7.5	0.0	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	32.8	33.0	32.5	-0.3	-0.5
Food & Kindred Products	7.1	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.0	2.0	1.9	-0.1	-0.1
Paper & Allied Products	7.0	7.3	7.1	0.1	-0.2
Printing & Publishing	6.2	6.2	6.1	-0.1	-0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	7.7	7.6	7.5	-0.2	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Mining & Construction	17.5	18.4	17.6	0.1	-0.8
Service Producing	387.1	396.2	391.6	4.5	-4.6
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	46.6	46.9	46.5	-0.1	-0.4
Trade	121.9	126.0	123.4	1.5	-2.6
Wholesale Trade	37.5	38.1	38.0	0.5	-0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	23.4	23.5	23.4	0.0	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.1	14.6	14.6	0.5	0.0
Retail Trade	84.4	87.9	85.4	1.0	-2.5
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	24.5	24.9	24.8	0.3	-0.1
Services	117.3	119.7	118.9	1.6	-0.8
Government	76.8	78.7	78.0	1.2	-0.7
Federal	20.1	19.6	19.6	-0.5	0.0
State & Local	56.7	59.1	58.4	1.7	-0.7
State	12.8	13.9	13.3	0.5	-0.6
Local	43.9	45.2	45.1	1.2	-0.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

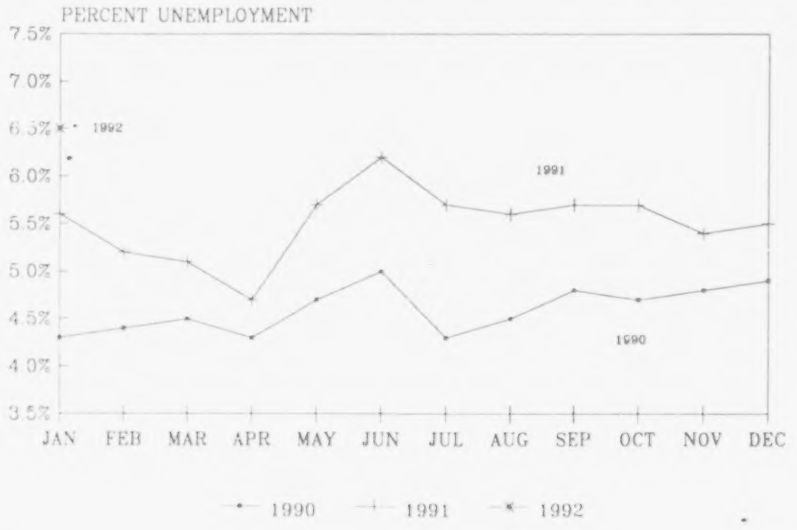
Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittendon County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **MEMPHIS MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$411.60	$443.30	$427.00	40.0	41.9	40.9	$10.29	$10.58	$10.44
Durable Goods	351.50	388.48	369.74	37.0	39.4	38.0	9.50	9.86	9.73
Lumber and Wood Products	239.40	266.93	264.11	39.9	39.9	40.2	6.00	6.69	6.57
Furniture and Fixtures	304.90	304.18	286.53	38.4	39.3	40.3	7.94	7.74	7.11
Nondurable Goods	466.28	493.27	481.57	42.7	44.2	43.7	10.92	11.16	11.02
Food and Kindred Products	377.14	408.96	406.79	43.3	44.5	44.9	8.71	9.19	9.06
Paper and Allied Products	560.95	574.54	573.54	44.1	48.2	45.7	12.72	11.92	12.55
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	583.87	599.09	542.82	44.3	43.1	43.6	13.18	13.90	12.45

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 8,900 jobs between December and January. Seasonal decreases were reported in retail trade (-3,800); wholesale trade (-200); construction and mining (-1,900); and petroleum, coal, and rubber (-200). Employment in services decreased by 2,100 jobs due to seasonal declines in business services, hotels, and other lodgings. Employment in state government decreased by 500 jobs due to a seasonal decrease in education. Other decreases were reported in other durable goods (-300) and finance, insurance and real estate (-300). Machinery and electrical equipment increased by 700 jobs due to a recall and seasonal increases.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 1991	Revised December 1991	Preliminary January 1992	Net Change Jan. 1991 to Jan. 1992	Net Change Dec. 1991 to Jan. 1992
TOTAL	486.2	498.0	489.1	2.9	-8.9
Goods Producing	106.9	106.9	105.0	-0.9	-1.9
Manufacturing	86.4	86.8	86.8	0.4	0.0
Durable Goods	47.2	47.7	48.0	0.8	0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.2	2.3	2.3	0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	8.2	8.3	8.3	0.1	0.0
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	14.4	14.6	15.3	0.9	0.7
Transportation Equipment	11.0	11.2	11.1	0.1	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	7.8	7.7	7.4	-0.4	-0.3
Nondurable Goods	39.2	39.1	38.8	-0.4	-0.3
Food & Kindred Products	6.4	6.5	6.4	0.0	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	1.9	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	2.8	3.0	2.9	0.1	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	14.3	14.1	14.1	-0.2	0.0
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	5.6	5.8	5.6	0.0	-0.2
Leather & Leather Products	1.8	1.7	1.7	-0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	6.4	6.0	6.1	-0.3	0.1
Mining & Construction	19.5	20.1	18.2	-1.3	-1.9
Service Producing	380.3	391.1	384.1	3.8	-7.0
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	28.4	28.5	28.4	0.0	-0.1
Trade	120.5	124.8	120.8	0.3	-4.0
Wholesale Trade	31.7	31.6	31.4	-0.3	-0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	18.7	18.4	18.3	-0.4	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	13.0	13.2	13.1	0.1	-0.1
Retail Trade	88.8	93.2	89.4	0.6	-3.8
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	30.6	31.1	30.8	0.2	-0.3
Services	131.7	136.8	134.7	3.0	-2.1
Government	69.1	69.9	69.4	0.3	-0.5
Federal	10.1	10.1	10.1	0.0	0.0
State & Local	59.0	59.8	59.3	0.3	-0.5
State	23.3	23.2	22.7	-0.6	-0.5
Local	35.7	36.6	36.6	0.9	0.0

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

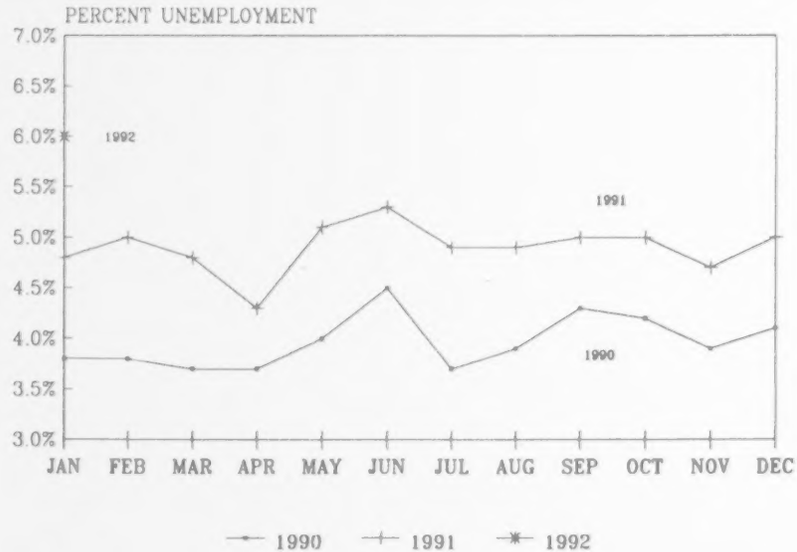
Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 1991 benchmark.

* The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **NASHVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992
All Manufacturing	$457.56	$472.06	$456.65	40.6	41.3	40.7	$11.27	$11.43	$11.22
Durable Goods	478.00	498.26	483.69	39.8	41.8	41.2	12.01	11.92	11.74
Nondurable Goods	426.17	432.95	418.00	41.7	40.5	40.0	10.22	10.69	10.45
Food and Kindred Products	427.65	424.55	424.09	42.3	41.5	40.7	10.11	10.23	10.42
Printing and Publishing	352.59	376.88	390.86	38.2	33.5	35.5	9.23	11.25	11.01

NASVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



Research and Statistics
Department of Employment Security
Nashville, TN 37245-1000

Congressional Information
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4520 East West Hwy.
Bethesda, MD 20814

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
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U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Group	All urban consumers: UNITED STATES	All urban consumers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Jan. 1991	All urban consumers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Dec. 1991	Wage earners & clerical workers: UNITED STATES	Wage earners & clerical workers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Jan. 1991	Wage earners & clerical workers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Dec. 1991	All urban consumers: MIAMI-FORT LAUDERDALE	All urban consumers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Jan. 1991	All urban consumers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Nov. 1991	Wage earners & clerical workers: MIAMI-FORT LAUDERDALE	Wage earners & clerical workers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Jan. 1991	Wage earners & clerical workers: Unadjusted percent change to Jan. 1992 from Nov. 1991
All items (1982-84=100)...	138.1	2.6	0.1	136.0	2.4	0.1	133.7	1.7	0.1	131.7	1.5	0.2
All items (1967=100).....	413.8	-	-	405.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All items (Nov. 1977=100).	-	-	-	-	-	-	215.6	-	-	214.0	-	-
Food and beverages.....	137.9	1.5	0.4	137.4	1.3	0.4	138.7	2.0	0.4	138.0	1.2	0.5
Food.....	137.2	1.0	0.4	136.8	1.0	0.4	139.5	2.0	0.5	138.3	1.2	0.4
Food at home.....	136.4	0	0.7	135.8	- 0.1	0.6	132.1	- 0.5	1.0	131.7	- 0.8	0.7
Food away from home....	139.7	2.9	0.1	139.5	2.8	0.1	149.5	4.4	0	150.8	4.5	0
Alcoholic beverages.....	144.8	5.5	0.6	144.4	5.5	0.6	130.7	1.9	0.4	131.7	1.0	1.2
Housing.....	135.7	3.0	0.5	133.3	3.0	0.5	126.0	3.0	0.5	125.6	3.0	0.5
Shelter.....	149.2	3.6	0.7	145.4	3.7	0.6	129.2	4.0	0.4	129.3	4.1	0.2
Renters costs' 1/.....	158.8	3.7	1.9	139.6	3.6	1.4	132.5	5.1	0.2	125.8	5.1	- 0.2
Rent, residential.....	145.4	3.0	0.1	145.1	3.1	0.2	124.4	5.2	- 0.6	124.4	5.2	- 0.6
Apparel and upkeep.....	127.9	3.3	- 1.3	126.8	3.2	- 1.2	140.4	3.5	- 1.3	140.5	4.5	- 0.9
Transportation.....	124.5	- 0.8	- 0.6	123.5	- 1.0	- 0.8	125.6	- 2.9	- 0.6	122.3	- 2.2	- 0.6
Medical care.....	184.3	7.8	0.9	183.7	7.7	0.9	169.6	6.2	1.7	168.3	6.0	1.8
Entertainment.....	140.1	3.4	0.1	138.6	3.3	0.1	126.1	- 0.9	- 0.2	127.0	- 1.2	- 0.3
Other goods & services...	178.6	7.3	0.6	178.6	7.2	0.5	162.1	0.7	- 0.1	160.8	0.8	0.6
Purchasing power of the Dollar: 1982-84=$1.00	$.724	- 2.6	- 0.1	$.735	- 2.4	- 0.1	$.748	- 1.6	- 0.1	$.759	- 1.4	- 0.3

Group size	All urban consumers: All items	Percent change to January 1992 from -- Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Dec. 1977=100	Wage earners and clerical workers: All items	Percent change to January 1992 from -- Jan. 1991	Dec. 1991	Dec. 1977=100
SOUTH (1982-84=100).....	134.4	2.3	0.1	218.0	133.2	2.1	- 0.1	215.8
Less than 50,000 pop.....	132.5	1.7	0.2	215.2	132.8	1.5	0.1	215.0
50,000-450,000 pop.....	133.6	2.5	0.1	216.2	133.7	2.4	0.1	216.4
450,000-1,200,000 pop....	135.8	2.3	0	221.8	132.9	2.1	- 0.1	215.3
1,200,000 or more pop....	134.8	2.4	0	217.7	133.3	2.1	- 0.1	216.0

1/ U.S. base year is Dec. 1982 for CPI-U; Dec. 1984 for CPI-W. Miami base year is Nov. 1982 for CPI-U; Nov. 1984 for CPI-W.

Group	ATLANTA, GEORGIA CPI-U: Index 2nd half 1991	Percent change to 2nd half 1991 from 2nd half 1990	1st half 1991	ATLANTA, GEORGIA CPI-W: Index 2nd half 1991	Percent change to 2nd half 1991 from 2nd half 1990	1st half 1991
All items (1982-84=100)...	136.2	2.7	0.5	134.4	2.5	0.7
All items (1967=100).....	410.8	-	-	406.4	-	-

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